# 1 Who (else) speaks English?

### 1 a Similarities in the histories of British colonies

anthem (Zl. 5), raised (Zl. 6/7), captured (Zl. 14), settlements (Zl. 15), inhabitants (Zl. 15/16), occupations, forced labour (Zl. 18), vast (Zl. 19), entire population (Zl. 20), fleeing (Zl. 21/22), plains (Zl. 22/23), peace treaties (Zl. 25), abolished (Zl. 26/27), executed (Zl. 28), diverse people (Zl. 32), granted (Zl. 34), major political parties (Zl. 38/39)

## 1 b A first-hand report from the Windrush Generation

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
	D	- 1	Α	С	F	Н	E
not used: B, G							

### 2 a Every home's Bermuda triangle

1	absolute	5	out	9	towards
2	evidence	6	suggest	10	overlook
3	extensive	7	Having	11	opinion
4	certainly	8	collected		

### 3 a Jay's story

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Ī	С	Е	F	В	Н	D	ı	J	K

not used: A, G

### 3 b Getting the spelling right

1	encouraged	7	notorious	13	barred
2	shortages	8	leisure	14	initial
3	labour	9	corner	15	applied
4	record	10	expelled	16	successive
5	permits	11	vanished	17	settled
6	circumstances	12	bunch	18	endure

### 4 a A brief guide to Calypso music

1	arrival	6	segregation	11	artists
2	musician	7	political	12	worldwide
3	highly	8	solution	13	reworked
4	traditional	9	commercial	14	featuring
5	iovous	10	introduction	15	unmistakable

#### 4 b Find the collocations

1	from	6	of	11	through
2	by	7	as	12	golden
3	fact	8	boundaries	13	of
4	charged	9	clear		
5	frequently	10	quite		

#### 5 a What David Crystal likes most about English

			.8		
1	it's changing	6	I've never seen	10	had been
2	made	7	is always something	11	keeps
3	will be		happening	12	we're talking
4	it's going to be	8	somebody's going to say	13	chose

don't even have to wait was saying

### 6 a who, which, whose, whom, that – when, where, why

who: used only for people

which: used with animals or things; can describe an entire sentence

whose: used to show who things belong to

whom: used for people when they are an object (not subject) of a sentences; used in written, rather formal language

that: used instead of which for people, animals or things, especially when necessary information is given

when: used to describe a point in time where: used to describe a place

why: used to describe a reason

### 6 b Contact clauses

1	whose	<sup>5</sup> whom/ who	9	which
2	where	<sup>6</sup> who	10	which
3	when	<sup>7</sup> which	11	who
4	When	<sup>8</sup> that	12	when

# 2 Shopping, browsing, bargain hunting

## 1 a Navigating the differences while shopping in the US and UK

liquor store (AE)

bread, rolls, sandwiches, ... - baker's (BE)

bookshop (BE) – bookstore (AE)

sweet shop (BE) – candy store (AE)

fish – fish store (AE)

fruit and vegetables – fruit and vegetable store / farmer's market (AE)

grocer's (BE) – grocery store (AE)

hardware store (AE)

jewels – jeweller's (BE)

chemist's (BE) - drugstore / pharmacy (AE)

newspapers - newsstand (AE)

### 1 b Money, money, money

1	borrow	7	credit	13	coins
2	overdrawn	8	interest	14	spend
3	fee	9	reward	15	payment
4	charge	10	withdraw	16	account
5	receipt	11	balance	17	cost
6	currency	12	atm	18	banknotes

## 2 b Like it? Unlike it? – Wait what are we talking about?

1	Like	3	like
2	Unlika	4	مانا

### 2 c Like clothes they look alike but are unlike in the way they feel

1.	alike	4.	unlike	7.	Like
2.	unlike	5.	like	8.	alike
3	like	6	unlike		

### 2 e Be smart – dress well

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
G	F	Н	Е	J	K	С	ı	Α	D	В

### 2 f Back to the basics – word families

to design (v) – designed (adj) – entwerfen purchase (n) – to purchase (v) – erwerben, kaufen sale (n) – verkaufen

to consume (v) – consumable (adj) – verbrauchen

manufacturing / manufacturer (n) – manufactured (adj) – herstellen

refund (n) – to refund (v) – zurückerstatten production / producer (n) – to produce (v) – produced (adj)

### 3 a Do you like shopping for clothes?

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
В	Α	D	С	С	D	Е	С	D

### 4 a Shopping mayhem – or may the odds be ever in the shoppers' favour

1 F Americans have Thanksgiving Day / On Black

Friday, retail

**F** The hoards of people

3 **T** The day was given

4 F In the UK the

5 T Although in recent years,

6 F Many shops release details

activity

10 communicate

### 4 b Are you in the market for an identity?

1 shopping communicate

2 shaping 6 shopping 7 3 consumers shaping

activity consumers

### 5 b When the price isn't right ...

green collections four %

6 wear them longer 7 bought one used item an ecological bullshit mostly plastic (polyester, polyethene and 8 500,000 / half a million grade

3 oil polyamide)

# 3 There is no planet B

#### 1 a The environment – word it out

global warming, planet Earth, fossil fuels, exhaust fumes, carbon dioxide, air pollution, water pollution, rain forests, greenhouse effect, melting glaciers, polar ice caps, environmentally friendly, rising temperature, extinct species, greenhouse gases, plastic pollution, dump waste, renewable energy, solar energy, wind power

#### 1 b Get your articles right

1	the	7	а	13	th
2	the	8	a	14	а
3	a	9	the	15	а
4	the	10	the	16	_
5	_	11	_		
6	The	12	_		

### 1 c Global warming

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Н	K	ı	G	Е	В	D	С	J

### 1 d Tackling climate change

- 1 **T** About 67 percent of
- 2 **T** Additionally, renewable energy sources / We do not pay
- **F** More recently, U.S. carbon
- 4 **F** Even if we could

- 5 T Scientists believe that since
- **T** This is a temperature
- 7 F In 2010, parties to
- 8 T Some consider this too

## 2 a Wishing and speculating

- had not produced
- would not overflow
- had raised

- would still hesitate
- had not organised
- were

- would not have gained
- did not sponsor
- did not support

# 3 a Lifestyle changes for the climate?

1	with	6 generat	tes / causes 11	by

- 2 becoming / getting 7 as 12 impact / effect
- 3 more 8 forests 13 few
  4 whose 9 reduce / cut / decrease 14 find / eat
- 5 risk 10 combating / fighting 15 whenever / when / if /

### 3 d More about fast fashion

1	production	6	detoxing	11	competition
2	environmental	7	increasing	12	consumers
3	polluter	8	Conventional	13	unwanted

4 globally 9 developing
5 dangerous 10 drought

### 3 g What would be the most effective policy to end climate change?

1	the	7	have	13	have
2	of	8	been	14	$\checkmark$
3	so	9	$\checkmark$	15	on
4	an	10	$\checkmark$	16	the
5	some	11	be	17	some
6	are	12	have	18	for

# 4 Then and now: tradition and change

### 1 a Find your very personal treasure

1	rarities	6	centuries	11	artists
2	dealers	7	wooden	12	decorations
3	variety	8	exhibitors	13	selected

4 curious 9 choice 5 specialists 10 advertising

## 2 a The past tenses

1	had been waiting	5	was / had been	9	spent
2	turned	6	bought / had bought	10	had
3	told	7	took	11	were starving

had kept / had been 8 were made / had been 12 were keeping made 13 had to

### 2 b Mind the knot, please!

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
С	D	С	С	Α	В	В	С	Α	D	Α	D	С	В	С	D

# 2 c The voyage

	1116 10 1 486				
1	are	11	was working	21	read
2	have been living	12	waved	22	had pulled
3	moved	13	exclaimed	23	sat
4	have never had	14	is	24	exclaimed
5	were doing	15	thanked	25	might have gue

were doing <sup>15</sup> thanked <sup>25</sup> might have guessed helped <sup>16</sup> grabbed <sup>26</sup> won

have been <sup>17</sup> tore <sup>27</sup> have been dreaming

have ever been <sup>18</sup> Was <sup>28</sup> have thought (they) gave generously <sup>19</sup> hoped <sup>29</sup> are

<sup>10</sup> happened <sup>20</sup> had recently taken

### 2 d If-clauses

- weren't
   wouldn't be able
- don't find
- 4 will suffer
- <sup>5</sup> wouldn't have won
- 6 hadn't been

- <sup>7</sup> had lost
- <sup>8</sup> would have never known
- 9 were / was (had been)
- would take (would have taken),
- 11 wouldn't have

- hadn't won
- 13 doesn't allow
- <sup>14</sup> will go
- 15 hadn't taken
- 6 would have left

#### 2 e The present tenses

- <sup>1</sup> have never been
- <sup>2</sup> am planning
- <sup>3</sup> am

- currently works
- 5 doesn't earn
- <sup>6</sup> is studying

- has to
- s cannot / can't

#### 3 b Linking words

- 1. because
- 2. although
- 3. whose
- not used: whereas, what
- 4. as if
- 5. why
- 6. when

- 7. while
- 8. If
- 9. which

### 4 a Growing up in the 21st century – part I

- 1 a creative solution, a tool
- when people your age pressure you to do sth
- 3 a symbol used in posts on social media; helps people
- find your topic when they look for a keyword to develop further, to
- 5 posting bad things or sending threatening,

change

- intimidating messages to sb online
- sensitive, easily hurt
- 7 easy, without a problem

### 4 b Growing up in the 21st century – part II

- that the brain changes / changes in (the) (human) brain
- 2 are pressured by others / want to fit in / fear missing out
- 3 their phones /earbuds / social media /computer homework / online assignments
- be something negative /
  provide access to
  pedophiles (stalkers,
  pornography) / be
  accessed any time / be
  (potentially) harmful /
  harm the children
- 5 "technologically literate" or "digitally intelligent"
- 6 had a different life / didn't have Snapchat

- (FaceTime) / didn't pose for selfies / had less pressure
- 7 their parents' help / parents' help is needed / parents must support them
- 8 will be there forever / will never go away / will be forever there (online) / cannot be deleted

### 4 d Pre-reading

- sharp curved nails of some animals
- beaten upto come from

- 4 a chunk, piece
- 5 not good
- 6 to hide and wait
- 7 hard part of the feet of horses, sheep, and deer
- 8 sunset

# 4 e A great event!

0	1	2	3	4	5	6
С	F	ı	Н	Α	G	Е

not used: B, D

# 5 The highest good

### 1 a George's bike calamity

- 1. Past simple (talk about things that are over, facts about the past, simply list activities that happened in the past)
- Past simple passive (the person who acts or who is responsible may be unknown or may be of no importance, politer than the active, to stress the suffering of people or animals)
- 3. Present perfect simple (to talk about a finished event or state in the very recent past, no specific time given)
- Past progressive (show that two actions happened at the same time, say what was happening around a certain moment in time, show that a longer activity is interrupted, show how incredibly long sth felt)

- 5. Past perfect (to make it clear that one event happened before another in the past, "older" action)
- 6. Present perfect simple (to talk about a finished event or state in the very recent past, no specific time given)
- 7. Present simple (routines, facts, qualities and descriptions, an opinion)
- Present continuous / progressive (actions / things happening right now, what sb is doing, e.g. in a photo, an activity that is temporary and can change anytime, as a future tense for planned arrangements / meetings)
- 9. Will-future (predictions, assumptions, hopes, fears, polite questions, spontaneous decisions)

### 1 b Now you!

has only been

<sup>2</sup> had

<sup>3</sup> returned

4 had been

5 caught

6 was told7 feels

8 is

<sup>9</sup> will soon be

 $^{10}$  is taking

<sup>11</sup> had

12 fell

13 was harvesting

14 lost

15 took

<sup>16</sup> was x-rayed

17 came

<sup>18</sup> had forgotten

was actually doing

<sup>20</sup> happened

#### 1 c Nouns into adjectives!

adolescent, healthy, (under)developed, climatic, changeable, individual, challenging, (in)effective, (un)conditional, fearful / fearless, empathic, beneficial, urban, convinced, weak, (un)motivated, (un)informed / informative, (un)communicative, influential, resilient, prosperous, trendy

### 1 d Adjectives into nouns!

intolerance, depression, obesity, short sightedness, bruise(s), muscle(s), dizziness, deafness, allergy, infection, blindness, diabetes, cancer, inflammation, health, illness, rheumatism, farsightedness

## 1 e Health and illness idioms – part I

1. to

2. about / to

3. on

4. to

5. of

6. from

with
 of

9. from

10 to

11. about

12. to

### 1 f Health and illness idioms – part II

<sup>1</sup> attempted to

<sup>2</sup> died of

3 aware of

leads to
 cope with

suffer from

7 worry about

8 addicted to

9 led to

10 came to

<sup>11</sup> benefit from

12 operated on

3 complained about

# 1 g Health and illness idioms – part III

had broken out

picked it up
died of

suffered from

5 had been going through

6 had cut open

<sup>7</sup> put off

<sup>8</sup> passed out

has thrown up

is going round / has been going round

### 2 a Child and adolescent mental health

illnesses / conditions performance discrimination 2 6 10 disability facilities lives 3 11 violation regions / areas / countries challenges development / lives isolation

### 2 b Boost your resilience

1increasingly4awareness7discomfort2achievement5confidence8curiosity3ability6attention9resilience

## 3 a Matching definitions

the process of everything the ability to understand the development that more and more people becoming digital, i.e. begin or share other people's processed with a feelings and emotions live in cities 7 computer when the importance of limiting, weakening or the variety of plant and sth requires acting quickly undermining sth animal life in the world fortune, affluence

### 3 b Adolescents and the new challenges of the 21st century

- 1 **T** Moreover, extreme weather conditions
- 2 T Thus, climate change creates
- 3 **T** The increase in prosperity
- 4 F Among other things, this
- 5 **F** Increasing individualism can also
- 6 T Research has shown that / This is partly because / Even if you send
- 7 **F** Global challenges influence and

### 3 c Opposites / antonyms

calm, quiet
 physical
 inaccurately
 decrease
 few
 security
 advantages
 inaccurately
 decrease
 unequal

## 4 a Expand your vocabulary! – part I

appreciation (n), anxiety (n), inferiority (n), companionship (n), illusion (n), unhappiness (n), failure (n), tension (n), concentration (n), positivity (n), power (n), subconscious (n), influence (n), energy (n), expectancy (n), frustration (n), condition (n), strategy (n), choice (n) inevitable (adj), convincing (adj), solvable (adj), fundamental (adj), depressed (adj), burdened (adj), hopeless (adj), conceivable (adj), overwhelmed (adj), severe (adj), ultimate (adj), mental (adj), subconscious (adj), worried (adj), insecure (adj), psychological (adj), surprising (adj), oppressive (adj), exhausting (adj), swift (adj), emotional (adj), determined (adj), available (adj), focused (adj) visualise (v), disappear (v), impede (v), influence (v), destroy (v), accelerate (v), relieve (v), produce (v) confront (v), believe (v), succeed (v)

### 4 b Widen your vocab! – part II

convincing
 exhausting
 exhausting
 oppression, hopelessness, destruction
 destruction
 mentally
 avoidable
 avoidable
 unhappiness
 availability
 overwhelming
 availability

### 5 a Yoga for young beginners

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
С	В	D	Α	Α	D	В	С	Α	D

# 6 Living in the global village

## 1 a Globalisation – word it out

economic / cultural / technological globalisation, worldwide change, economically powerful / weak countries, industrialised / Western / developing countries, global village, multinational companies / corporations, increasing mobility, to expand trade, to bridge the global divide, to protect workers' rights, to increase prosperity, controversial issues, child labour, anti-globalisation campaigners, growing gap, to widen the gulf between rich and poor, to suffer exploitation, loss of cultural identity, to raise the minimum wages, global players, sustainable development, fair trade, non-governmental agency

#### 1 b Working with prefixes and suffixes

player (n) – playful (adj) to empower (v) – powerful (adj) growth (n) – growing (adj) poverty (n) – to impoverish (v) globalisation (n) – to globalise (v) development (n) – developing (adj) exploitation (n) – exploitative (adj) expansion (n) – expansive (adj) industry (n) – industrial (adj)

sustainability (n) – sustainable (adj)
prosperity (n) – prosperous (adj)
economics (n) – economic / economical (adj)
weakness (n) – to weaken (v)
identity (n) – identical (adj)
domination (n) – to dominate (v) – dominant (adj)
government (n) – governmental (adj)
consumer / consumption (n)

#### 1 c Sorting words

pros: to increase prosperity, to bridge the global divide, to protect workers' rights, to raise the minimum wages, fair trade

cons: increasing mobility, child labour, growing gap, to widen the gulf between rich and poor, growing gap, to suffer exploitation, loss of cultural identity

either: economic / cultural / technological globalisation, worldwide change, to expand trade, global players

#### 2 a Cultural globalisation

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
С	J	N	L	G	0	Α	K	С	М	E	D	I

not used: F, H

could

2

#### 2 d Expressing events further back in the past

<sup>1</sup> had discovered <sup>7</sup>

<sup>3</sup> had founded <sup>9</sup> had been conquered
<sup>4</sup> had been discovered <sup>10</sup> had been signed

had been discovered

was initiated

10 had been signed

were lowered

had begun / began 12 grew

<sup>13</sup> had been invented

<sup>14</sup> became

had developed

<sup>16</sup> arose

## 2 f Early global relations

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
С	D	В	С	Α	С	D	В	Α	В	С	D	С	Α

increased

lost

### 3 a Globalised jeans

- you can't see it / it's almost a metaphor
- 2 understand (complex) economics / see complexity
- 3 graphic design / infographics/ data
- 4 the (blue) jeans business / the price(s) of jeans / cheap and designer jeans / branded jeans
- 5 over (more than) 30,000 miles
- 6 Taiwan / Kazakhstan / Italy
- 7 how (global) economy works / global economy / globalisation
- 8 transport (of goods /
   people)
- 9 global collaboration / fair competition / global fairness

### 3 c Sustainable jeans manufacturing

are manufactured and cut (Zl. 3), is not used (Zl. 4), can be used (Zl. 5), is based (Zl. 6), were consumed (Zl. 8), could not be assigned (Zl. 8), used (Zl. 9), has been developed (Zl. 10), is measured (Zl. 10), can be identified (Zl. 11), can be communicated (Zl. 12)

### 3 d Meet the makers behind your products

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
В	С	Е	С	Α	В	D	Α	Е	Α	В	D

### 4 a The true cost of an iPhone

China
 Sologistic advantages
 Sologistic advantages
 Sologistic advantages
 Complicated process
 Components
 assembling
 two or three
 retail

industrial region 8 \$ 190

# 7 Humankind and modern technologies

### 1 a Communication history

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Ī	Α	D	Α	D	В	С	С

### 1 b Using gerund forms

1 rising 5 teaching 9 cheating 2 owning 6 Causing 10 involving 7 tempting 7 tempting

Adapting
 using
 tempting
 relying

#### 2 a Technology and nature working together

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
С	В	В	С	Α	Α	D	Α	D	В	С	В

### 2 b Biomimicry

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
F	С	Е	G	Α	D	ı	В

### 2 c Lavasa

ranges
 maintained
 planned
 planned
 calm

provide <sup>6</sup> outline

### 3 a Job recruitment through artificial intelligence

1 increasingly
2 applicants
3 emotional
6 employees
7 particularly
8 services
11 organisations/organizations
12 goods
13 advice

4 specifically 9 scheduling 5 performance 10 choice

# 3 b Identifying words

1. pre-screening5. suitable9. plain2. to attract6. providing10. issues

3. assessing4. to succeed5. multinational

### 3 c False friends – teenagers and helpful tools

gift
 entrepreneur
 mobile
 mobile
 bank
 gift
 classical
 mobile
 well-behaved
 murderers

### 3 d False friends and their meanings

present, offering, sth that you give to sb funeral director, mortician, sb whose business is to organise funerals

businessman, sb who manages and assumes the risks of a business

accessible, situated within easy reach picture (produced using a camera), snapshot killer, sb who illegally and intentionally murders another person

### 3 e AI and job interviews

1 (to) record / make / film a video, answer / response in a video

2 customer service representative / working for paper company

- 3 it is great, she loves / likes it
- 4 25 000 / twenty-five thousand
- 5 bias / being biased
- 6 superficial things / stuff
- (almost) anywhere / everywhere (in the world)
- 8 hearing herself (replayed) / listening to herself
- 9 won't leave (anytime) soon / will play a role

### 8 Idealism and our emotions

### 1 a Naming the many feelings

1. scared 11. jealous 6. surprised 2. funny 7. sad 12. thankful nervous 13. annoved 3. disgusted 8. 14. beloved 4. grumpy 9. happy bored 10. angry

## 1 b Idioms and emotions

white lie
 golden opportunity
 seeing red
 feeling blue

#### 1 c Expressing our emotions in messages

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
В	G	F	Е	С	F	Α	L	Н	ı

#### 1 e Movies, music and our emotions

1 in the 20<sup>th</sup> century 4 memories 2 effectively change people's moods 5 catchy music

3 fear

### 2 a You can't quantify positivity

number of
 a few
 hardly
 some
 Most
 hardly
 less
 plenty of

4 several <sup>8</sup> many

### 2 c Take a negative meaning and make it positive

honest complete
kind popular
polite appropriate
necessary social
regular respectful
perfect logical

### 2 d The Fault in Our Stars – a novel full of feelings

- 1. Making a promise and keeping it no matter what; even if one did not understand the promise at the time one made it.
- 2. He started kicking the gaming chair, afterwards he takes a pillow and lastly he smashed and stomps on the trophies.
- 3. Augustus wants him to destroy them because that gives Augustus and opportunity to tell his dad that he doesn't like baseball.
- 4. His conclusion is that pain needs to be felt.

#### 3 a Concealing your feelings

1 emotional 4 bored 7 simply

2 sympathetic3 awkwardness5 exciting6 enthusiasm

### 3 b Perfection is overrated

- 1. She wants you to feel like your perfect and you don't need to change anything.
- 2. She says: "You're so mean, when you talk about yourself, you were so wrong". This means that she believes that "you" is too hard on itself and wrong in assuming it is not enough.
- 3. "Change the voices in your head, make them like you instead".

<sup>1</sup> misunderstood <sup>2</sup> mistaken <sup>3</sup> underestimated

### 3 c Identifying prefixes

misplaced – placed – mis- – wrongly mistaken – taken – mis- – wrongly underestimated – estimated – under- – below, heneath

#### 3 d Expressing emotions through poetry

- 1. If you read it from top to bottom the lyrical "I" believes that it is too ugly to find love or happiness.
- 2. If you read it from bottom to top the exact opposite is true. Here, the speaker knows that he / she is beautiful and no one can make them believe otherwise.
- 3. It can be read from both sides, from top to bottom and from bottom to top. Fascinatingly, the meaning changes depending on where one starts to read. The main themes are self-worth, beauty, ugliness and confidence.

### 3 e Vicarious embarrassment or "Fremdschämen"

1 moments2 feel3 ago4 who5 addition

## 4 a Managing stress

1 a survival mechanism 3 thinking clearly / learning / remembering

to get you moving / so that you move 4 laugh

#### 4 b Being an idealistic young adult

incredibly 7 unreasonable unexpected 2 8 insanely similar immature 9 15 independent impossible inexplicable 10 (–)happy unfamiliar illogical 11 improbable impatient misunderstood unforeseen unwise

# **9 Aspects of American History**

1 a lucusiauatiau a	luring World War II
_ ~ ~	

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
М	F	Е	В	D	С	N	K	Н	L	I	0	J

do not use: A, G

### 1 b Using participle constructions

- <sup>1</sup> persecuted <sup>4</sup> Imposed <sup>7</sup> signed
- asked
   condemning
   entering
   Starting

### 1 c US immigration overview

- 1 The Rocky Mountains territories
- 2 (many) Asian immigrants
- 3 how quickly things change / quick changes
- 4 The Industrial Revolution / the country growing within
- 5 they became states
- 6 (at) an all-time low
- 7 like today / (like) a diverse country
- 8 next to Canada / at the Canadian border

### 2 a Frederick Douglass

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
С	Е	F	В	G	D	- 1	Α

# 2 b Choosing linking devices correctly

- Moreover <sup>5</sup> since <sup>9</sup> therefore
- <sup>2</sup> On the one hand <sup>6</sup> Hence <sup>10</sup> As a consequence
- <sup>3</sup> thus <sup>7</sup> as a result
- 4 On the other hand 8 Whereas / Even though

### 2 e Martin Luther King

1rally4institution7demonstrators2participants5reputation8supporters3equality6violence9troops

# 2 f Using past participles in different ways

- was led series were granted series has been series and series series series and series ser
- had oppressed <sup>4</sup> are still organised

## 3 a The Marshall Plan

- 1
   between
   6
   worth
   11
   on

   2
   countries
   7
   of
   12
   Without

   3
   least
   8
   led
   13
   As / Like

   4
   started / began
   9
   but
- 4 started / began 9 but 5 arrived / came 10 future

# 3 b Identifying prepositions

 5
 to
 9
 During

 2
 of
 6
 for / of
 10
 in

 3
 in
 7
 of

 4
 in
 8
 to

### 3 c Prepositions

- 1In4During7After2For5for8towards
- <sup>3</sup> of <sup>6</sup> from

#### 3 d Early Native American history

0	1	2	3	4	5	6
В	D	С	В	С	Α	Α

# 10 Watching and reading

# 1 a Katniss Everdeen

1fiercely5starvation/starving9fundamentally2punishable6unsentimental10celebrity3rebellious7Ironically11unfeeling

4 necessity 8 adaptable

### 1 b Why I don't like Katniss Everdeen – part I

certainly
 tremendous
 brilliant
 well
 happily
 really

more quickly
 truly
 compassionate
 selflessly

#### 1 c Why I don't like Katniss Everdeen – part II

perplexed

formula is perplexed

formula is

dramatically
 exactly
 unsettling
 highly inspiring /
 inspirational
 completely

### 2 a Sound on film

To begin with motion pictures were silent films – a genre that has <u>regained</u> some interest in the past decade. At the <u>advent</u> of the 20<sup>th</sup> century a new and exciting innovation was exhibited in Paris: a sound film. However, it took some time for so-called "talkies" to <u>establish</u> themselves. Completely normal to us – and in fact from the 1930s <u>onwards</u> – a motion picture that included <u>synchronized</u> sound was first only available for short films. The first sound-on-disc systems often <u>proved</u> unreliable, but people's interest had already been <u>sparked</u>. In 1927 the prominent technology was Vitaphone, creating the famous *The Jazz Singer*, however the system was soon <u>replaced</u> with ways of having sound-on-film. The reason was simply that <u>distribution</u> was easier and the more often a disc was played, the more its quality <u>dwindled</u>. After 20 showings the disc became <u>unreliable</u> and could often not be used any longer.

### 3 a Watching films with subtitles

F But every so often 4 F Struggling to track its T They insist on themselves 5 T I was noticing other

**T** By "translating" speech in 6 **F** Decades more would pass

#### 3 b What it takes to make a really great movie

(	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
N	ΛI	В	0	Q	Е	J	Р	G	С	ı	F	Н	D	K	Α

not used: L, N

#### 4 b Book bannings and burnings

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
В	Е	G	Α	С	F	K	Н	ı

not used: D, J

### 5 a Making more words

to invent: invention, inventor, (un)inventive successfully: success, (un)successful(ly), to succeed

to demonstrate: demonstrator, demonstration, demonstrative(ly) inconvenient: convenient, (in)convenience, (in)conveniently

to enable: enabler, able, (in)ability, disable

to accompany: company, companion, (un)accompanied to invest: investment, investor, investable, invested distribution: to distribute, distributor, distributional

to determine: determination, determined, indetermined, determining

abuse: to abuse, abuser, abusive, (un)abused

#### 5 b Find the words

7

ʻd

n't

handle
 booth
 subtle
 mature
 reassure
 nudity
 violent
 offensive
 infidelity
 explore

# 6 a Making it shorter – contracted forms

he didn't speaking 2 10 've informal 11 's it's 4 12 we're ʻd 5 Ή form of to be + not, with other contractions 6 won't

(She'sn't)
only verb in sentence, when it's the modal

only verb in sentence, when it's the moda verb to have to

### 6 b Making it shorter: my first time acting in a film

I'm taking (Zl. 1), I'm not sure (Zl. 2), I've never acted (Zl. 4), I'd only ever acted (Zl. 4), I can't (Zl. 5), we'd started shooting (Zl. 6), I didn't want (Zl. 7), I'll say (Zl. 9), I'm excited (Zl. 12), I've never seen myself acting (Zl. 12), I'm incredibly grateful (Zl. 13), I've gotten to know (Zl. 13/14), you're reading this, guys (Zl. 15), I'd not have developed / I wouldn't have developed (Zl. 15)

### 6 d Making it shorter: modern abbreviations

as soon as possible for your information what's up also known as I don't know to be continued in my (honest / humble) just kidding to be announced opinion oh my god thank God it's Friday by the way rest in peace thanks see you répondez, s'il vous plaît too long, didn't read do-it-yourself (French for "please reply", very important person fear of missing out usually to an invitation) please